Agilent SureSelect CD ONCOgènes CAPture Haemoclonality Panel

Innovation powered by you



Yannick Le Bris, PharmD, Ph.D.

Head of the Molecular Hematology Unit, Hematology Biology Department, Nantes University Hospital, France Research team 11: reMoVE-B, Molecular Vulnerabilities of Tumor Escape in Mature B-cell Malignancies, Nantes-Angers Cancer and Integrated Immunology Research Center (CRCI²NA)

"ONCOCAPLY, combined with adapted bioinformatics pipelines such as Vidjil, is a very powerful tool that improves and clearly refines the assessment of lymphoproliferative syndromes. This tool has also greatly simplified our workflow for the analysis of CLL."

Targeted Next-Generation Sequencing for Hematological Disease Research

Agilent Community Designs for next-generation sequencing (NGS) are targeted sequencing panels established in collaboration with subject matter experts in different research fields. These NGS designs are available as custom, made-to-order panels that provide you with robust and cost-effective sequencing results that focus only on your genes of interest.

The research interests of Dr. Yannick Le Bris and his team at the University of Nantes Hospital Center focus on the development of new molecular biomarkers that can be useful for the development of precision medicine research tools in hematology, with a focus on identifying and understanding B-cell malignancies, chronic myeloid malignancies, and immunotherapy.

The Agilent SureSelect CD ONCOgènes CAPture haemoclonality panel (ONCOCAPLY haem panel) offers a single capture-based NGS sequencing workflow for the simultaneous analysis of the rearranged variable regions of genes coding for TCR gamma and beta chains (TRG and TRB), immunoglobulin heavy and kappa light chains (IGH and IGK), and 22 commonly studied oncogenes associated with diagnostic, prognostic, or therapeutic interest.¹ The panel therefore enables detection of lymphoid clonality alongside genetic alterations in the oncogenes assayed.

The lab has used this ONCOCAPLY panel in the investigation of mature lymphoproliferative syndromes such as non-Hodgkin's B and T cell lymphomas and chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL).² ONCOCAPLY also allows the combined analysis of the mutational status of the variable region of the immunoglobulin heavy chain (IGHV) gene with the detection of potential variants and CNVs in the *TP53* gene, which may be significant in the management of CLL.³



Advantages of SureSelect Workflow for Hematological Analysis

Le Bris et al. combined the ONCOCAPLY panel with Agilent SureSelect XT HS2 library preparation in order to investigate a potential high-throughput sequencing workflow with SureSelect benefits. Notably, low DNA input and a unified workflow for both FFPE and fresh-frozen tissues or cell-based research samples.

This innovative single-step assay also has advantages over the commonly used PCR- and Sanger sequencing-based approaches. These include avoidance of impaired PCR amplification caused by somatic hypermutations (SHMs) over the primer binding site, and capture probes unimpeded by SHMs.² A concordance study showed that when evaluated by both targeted sequencing and the PCR/Sanger approach, 100% of the samples (n=51) obtained similar mutational results. Further, unlike the PCR/Sanger approach, analysis of IGHV mutational status was successful in all 103 samples studied with this ONCOCAPLY panel workflow.

 Table 2. Ordering information for the Agilent SureSelect CD ONCOgènes CAPture

 haemoclonality panel. Note: part numbers cover the capture probe libraries only. Library prep

 and target enrichment kits must be purchased separately.

| Product | Part Number |
|----------------------------------------|-------------|
| SureSelect CD ONCOCAPLY Haem panel 16 | 5282-0016 |
| SureSelect CD ONCOCAPLY Haem panel 96 | 5282-0017 |
| SureSelect CD ONCOCAPLY Haem panel 96A | 5282-0018 |

Table 1. Genes covered in the SureSelect CDONCOgènes CAPture haemoclonality panel (doesnot cover all exons of all genes, please see .bed filefor full information).

| B2M | PLCG1 |
|--------|---------|
| BRAF | PLCG2 |
| BTK | ROHA |
| CARD11 | SOCS1 |
| CD28 | STAT3 |
| CXCR4 | STAT5B |
| DNMT3A | STAT6 |
| IDH2 | TET2 |
| JAK3 | TNFAIP3 |
| KRAS | TP53 |
| MYD88 | NRAS |
| IGH | TRG |
| IGK | TRB |
| | |

References

- 1. Sujobert P, Le Bris Y, et al. The Need for a Consensus Next-generation Sequencing Panel for Mature Lymphoid Malignancies. *Hemasphere*. **2018**;3(1):e169. doi: 10.1097/HS9.0000000000169. PMID: 31723808; PMCID: PMC6745936.
- Le Bris Y, et al. Single Capture High Throughput Sequencing Assay for Combined V(D)J Clonality Analysis and Oncogene Mutations in the Diagnosis of T and B Lymphoid Malignancies. *Blood* 2021, *138*(Supplement 1), 2404-2404. <u>https://doi.org/10.1182/blood-2021-151083</u>.
- 3. Le Bris Y, et al. Reliable One-Step Assessment of IGHV Mutational Status and Gene Mutations in Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia by Capture-Based High Throughput Sequencing. *bioRxiv* **2022**. <u>https://doi.org/10.1101/2022.03.09.483581</u>.

www.agilent.com

Agilent has not performed verification and validation on these panels.

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures. PR7001-0549

This information is subject to change without notice.

© Agilent Technologies, Inc. 2023 Published in the USA, March 5, 2023 5994-5837EN

